

Frequency Servo Controller

Description

The CX-065B is a frequency servo system motor control oriented monolithic integrated circuit that has been designed to suit for applications with a floppy disk drive, tape recorder, and turntable.

This integrated circuit has been configured of a waveform shaping circuit, sawtooth wave generating circuit, comparator, smoothing circuit, DC amplifier, and power supply.

Features

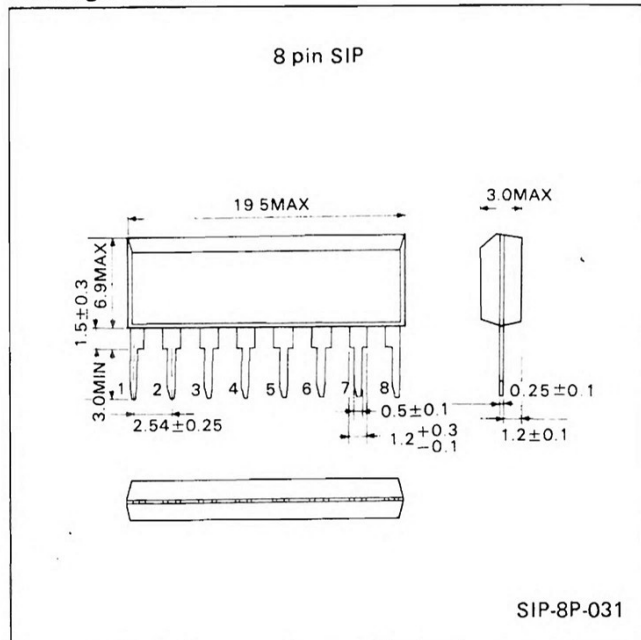
- Less externally connected parts
- Resists power supply voltage fluctuations well.
- Exhibits good servo characteristics.

Structure

Bipolar Silicon Monolithic IC

Package Outline

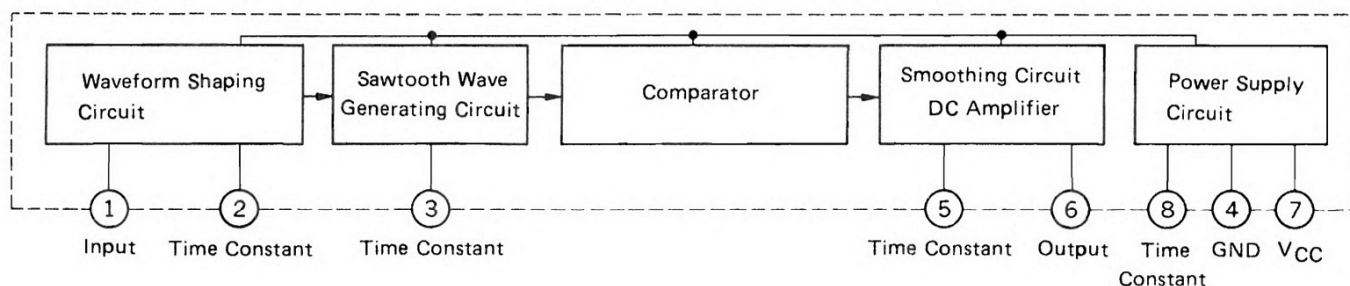
Unit: mm



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

• Supply voltage	V _{CC}	17	V
• Input voltage	V _i	-2.0, 4	V
• Operating temperature	T _{opr}	-10 to +60	°C
• Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-40 to +125	°C
• Allowable power dissipation	P _d	600	mW

Block Diagram

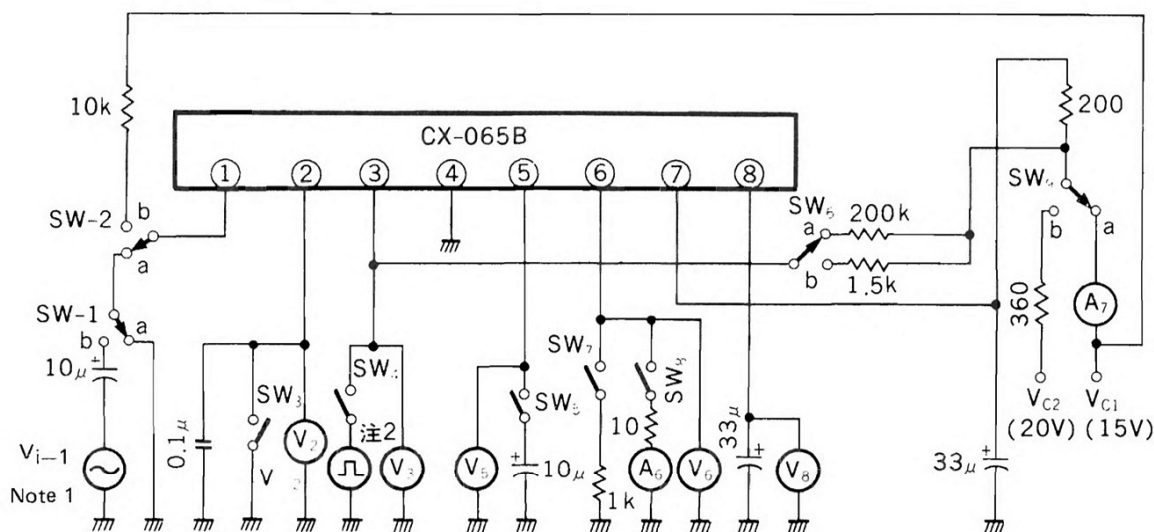


Electrical Characteristics

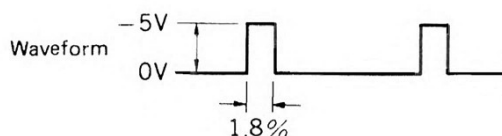
(Ta=25°C, See the Test Circuit and Conditions.)

Item	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Circuit Current	I _D	V _C =15V, 437Hz Input, Pulse Input	4.0	7.0	10.0	mA
Stabilized Voltage	V ₈	V _C =15V, 437Hz Input, sin, 1Vp-p	4.55	4.80	5.00	V
Pin 5 Output Voltage	V ₅	V _C =15V, No-signal Input	10.3	11.2	12.0	V
(N) Comparator Reference Voltage	V _{ref}	V _C =15V, No-signal Input	1.76	1.88	2.00	V
Pin 3 Voltage-1	V ₃₋₁	V _C =15V, No-signal Input		40	70	mV
Pin 3 Voltage-2	V ₃₋₂	V _C =15V, No-signal Input		1.0	5.0	mV
Gain Voltage-1	V _{g-1}	V _C =15V, Pulse input at 437Hz	2.5	2.8	3.1	V
Gain Voltage-2	V _{g-2}	V _C =20V, Pulse input at 437Hz	2.5	2.9	3.2	V
Saturation Voltage-1	V _{sat-1}	V _C =15V, No-signal Input		130	200	mV
Saturation Voltage-2	V _{sat-2}	V _C =15V, No-signal Input		140	200	mV
Output Pin Voltage	V _{out}	V _C =15V, Pulse input 437Hz	1.00	1.60	2.50	V
Maximum Output current	I _{out}	V _C =15V, Pulse input 437Hz	10	15	20	mA
Output Potential Difference	ΔV	ΔV=(V _{g-1})-(V _{out})	1.00	1.30	1.60	V
Output Pulse Width	PW	V _C =15V, 437Hz Input, sin, 1Vp-p	100	150	200	μs

Electrical Characteristics Test Circuit

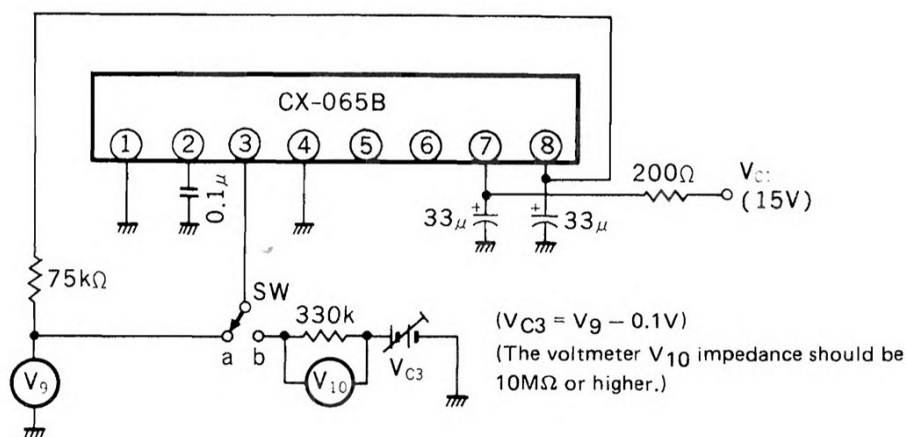


Note 1) V_{i-1} f=437Hz, Waveform: Sin, CW, $R_g=600\Omega$, Output Level=1.0Vp-p ($R_L=1.3k\Omega$)
2) V_{i-2} f=437Hz, Duty=1.8%, Polarity=(+), $R_{g\ OFF}=4.7k$, $R_{g\ ON}=0\Omega$



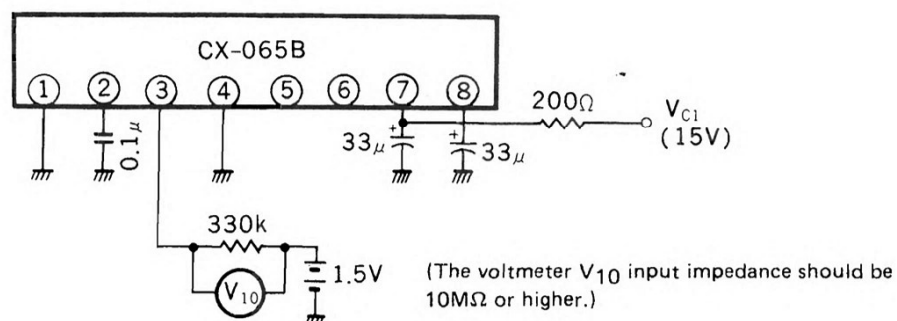
V3-1 Test Circuit

With reference to the circuit diagram below, measure voltage V_9 with SW(a), and after setting V_{C3} to the reduced voltage of 100 mV, measure voltage V_{10} by switching to SW(b), to make a GO/NG decision.



V3-2 Test Circuit

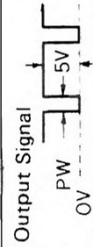
With reference to the circuit diagram below, measure voltage at V_{10} to make a GO/NG decision.



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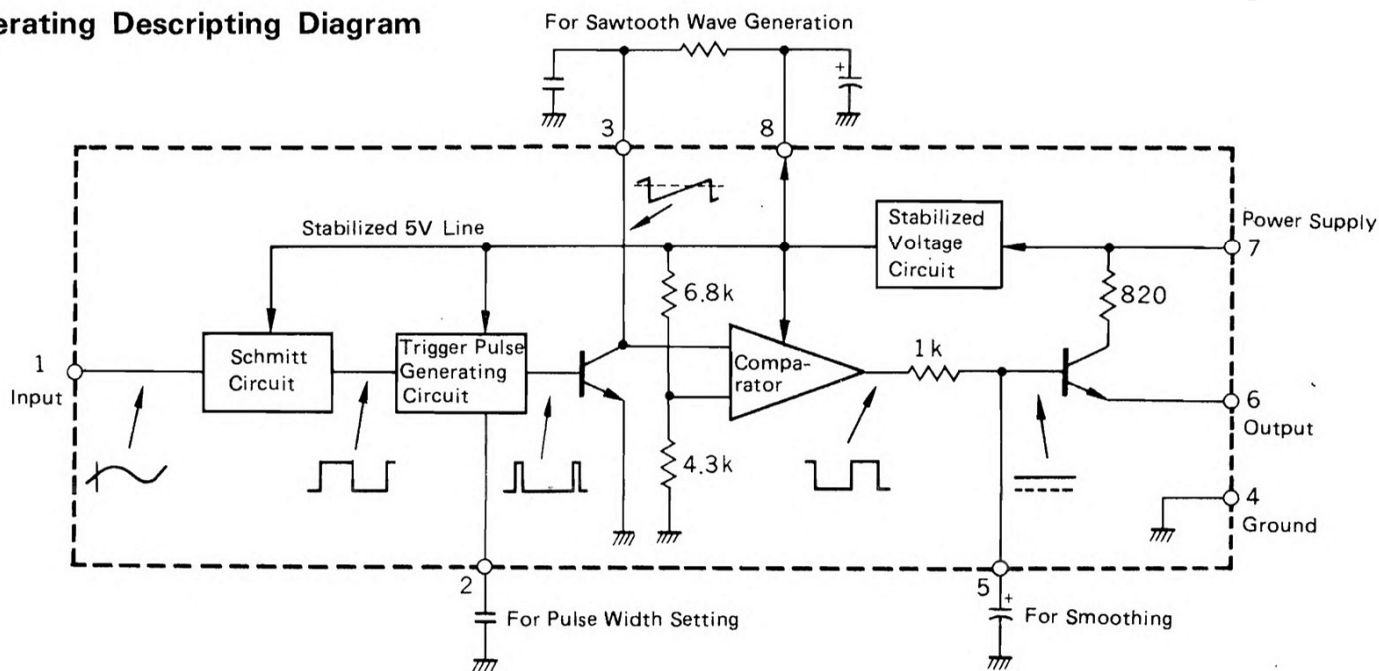
List of Test Conditions

Item	Symbol	SW Condition*								Input Signal ^(Note)	Test Condition	Test Point
		SW-1	SW-2	SW-3	SW-4	SW-5	SW-6	SW-7	SW-8	SW-9		
Circuit Current	I_D	a	a	OFF	ON	ON	a	OFF	OFF	a	V_{i-2}	A7
Stabilized Voltage	V_8	b	a	OFF	OFF	OFF	a	OFF	OFF	a	V_{i-1}	V8
Pin 5 Output Voltage	V_5	a	a	OFF	OFF	OFF	a	OFF	OFF	a	No signal	V5
Comparator Reference Voltage	V_{ref}	a	a	OFF	OFF	OFF	a	OFF	OFF	a	No signal	V3
Gain Voltage-1	V_{g-1}	a	a	OFF	ON	ON	a	OFF	OFF	a	V_{i-2}	V5
Gain Voltage-2	V_{g-2}	a	a	OFF	ON	ON	a	OFF	OFF	b	V_{i-2}	V5
Saturation Voltage-1	V_{sat-1}	b	b	ON	OFF	OFF	b	OFF	OFF	a	No Signal	V3
Saturation Voltage-2	V_{sat-2}	a	a	OFF	OFF	OFF	a	OFF	OFF	a	No Signal	V2
Output Pin Voltage	V_{out}	a	a	OFF	ON	ON	a	ON	OFF	a	V_{i-2}	V6
Maximum Output current	I_{out}	a	a	OFF	ON	ON	a	OFF	ON	a	V_{i-2}	A6
Output Potential Difference	ΔV										$V = V_{g1} - V_{out}$	
Output Pulse Width	PW	b	a	OFF	OFF	OFF	a	OFF	OFF	a	V_{i-1}	V5

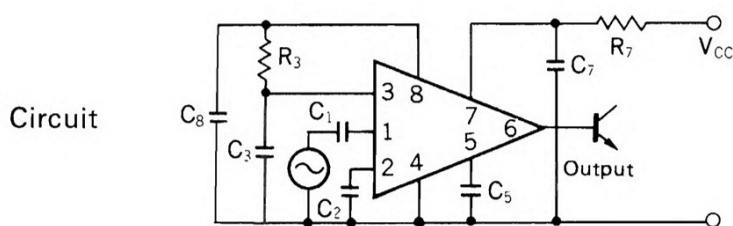


Note) * With regard to input signals V_{i-1} and V_{i-2} , refer to Notes 1 and 2 in the Test circuit.

Operating Describing Diagram

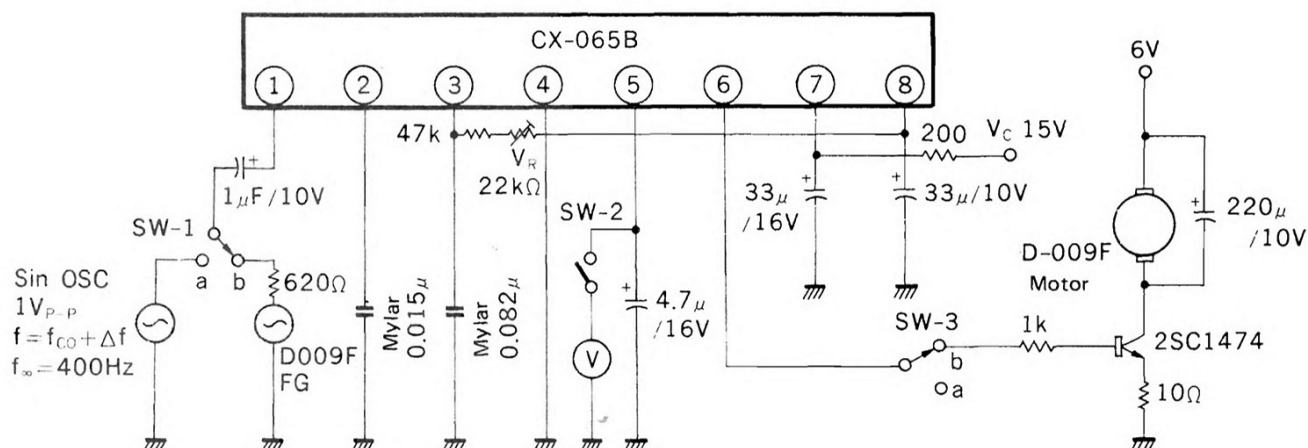


Notes on Application



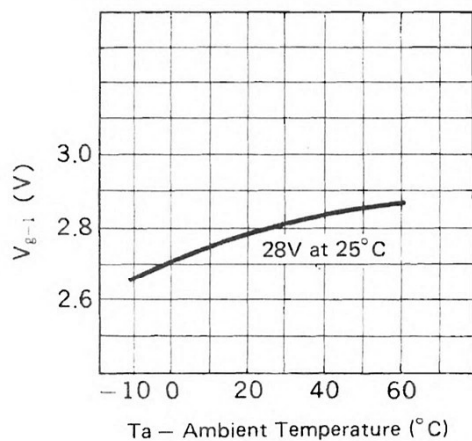
- Although the input voltage range is from 1 Vp-p to 4.8 Vp-p, the capacitor C1 may be omitted if the input is at 3 Vp-p or higher.
- An appropriate output impedance of the tachogenerator is about 1 k Ω .
- Set the sawtooth wave time constant determining R3 at $10 \text{ k}\Omega \leq R3 \leq 400 \text{ k}\Omega$.
The recommended sawtooth wave time constant determining R3 range is $20 \text{ k}\Omega \leq R3 \leq 200 \text{ k}\Omega$.
- Guidelines for selecting capacitor C2 are $C2 = C3/5$ with a minimum value at $C2 = C3/10$.
- C8 serves parasitic oscillation preventive purposes for the power supply circuit. Under no circumstances should it be omitted.
- When the power supply rise time is shorter than 100 ms, be sure to add $R7 = 200 \Omega$ on in series with the power supply for the IC protective purposes.
- The power supply voltage applied at pin 7 may range from 6V to 17V, but when it is below 11V, the pin 8 voltage may fail to be stabilized.
- Hold the steady output current level at pin 6 below 3 mA.
- Hold the output current level at pin 8 within $\pm 2 \text{ mA}$ (where the negative value signifies an inflow). However, when not employing pin 6, Current Range From -2 mA to $+5 \text{ mA}$ is permissible.
- C5 should be determined in accordance with input (carrier) frequency f_0 by taking transfer function $H(s)$ and carrier ripple into consideration.
Cut-off frequency f_c of the Frequency to Voltage (F-V) converter may be expressed as follows:
$$f_c = 7.6 / C5(\mu\text{F})[\text{Hz}]$$

Application Circuit and F-V Characteristics Test Circuit

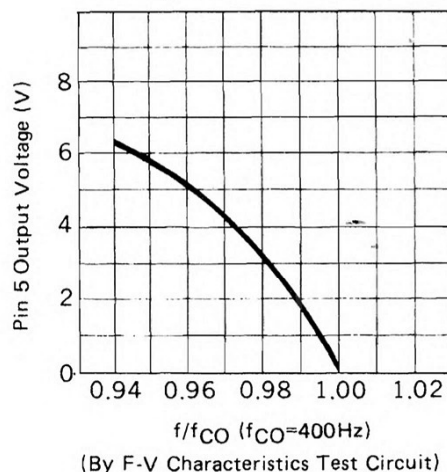


- Note)** ① With SW1-b, SW2-off, SW3-b: Typical Application Circuit
② With SW1-a, SW2-on, SW-a: F-V Characteristics Test Circuit, where after setting VR to provide 0V at (V) against an $f_{CO}=400\text{Hz}$ input, the frequency should be lowered and the (V) measures taken.

Gain Voltage-1 temperature characteristics



Frequency to Voltage characteristics



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Allowable power dissipation derating curves

